British Government Precaution Against Fenian Revolt at Home.

Spanish Agitation and Fatal Action of the Military.

ROME PREPARED FOR INFALLIBILITY.

French State Trials Arrangements.

Morth German Territorial Annexation and Consolidation.

ENGLAND.

Fenianism at Home-Government Precaution Against Revolt.

LONDON, June 3, 1870. There is still some apprehension in regard to the movements of the Feniars in England. The government has received private information

concerning their plan of operations.

As a consequence orders have been issued from the Admiralty office to double the guards at all the dockyards and naval stations in Great Britain. to keep the fires banked on all steamers, and take other precautions calculated to facilitate the suppression of any revolt.

Judicial Action-Executive Vigilance.

LONDON, June 3-P. M.
The alleged Fenians, Davitt and Wilson, were again brought up for examination to-day. Some of he evidence is important, going to show that the prisoners have been actively engage | for some time past in distributing arms in Irclang and the north of The government continues its precautions against

The Emigrant Wave Flow. LIVERPOOL, June 3, 1870. The tide of emigration to America is increasing No less than 21,000 emigrants-mainly Irish-left

this city for the various American ports during the month of May. Nine-tenths of them went to New York. Theatrical, Postal, Telegraph and Turf

Affairs. London, June 3, 1870. a Mr. Shirley Brooks succeeds the late Mark Lemon

as active editor of the London Punch. Mrs. John Wood, the American actress, acknow ledges the receipt of an anonymous gift of diamonds

and emeralds, amounting in value to £700. Americans in London are excessively annoyed by the slow and uncertain delivery of their letter and newspaper mails from home.

A material reduction has been made in the tolls on

cable messages between England and India vis

The government promises to take strong measures against betting at races.

The Race for the Oaks-Scene and Betting at Epsom. London, June 3, 1870.

To-day is the fourth day of the Epsom races. The Interest centres in the race for the Oaks stakes, of fifty sovereigns each, the owner of the second horse to receive 300 sovereigns and the third 150 sovereigns, which closed with 188 subscribers. The betting stands about as follows:-Five to four on Mr. Joseph Dawson's Hester, by Thormanby out of To-myris; three to one against Mr. Mer.y's b. f. Sun shine, and five to one on Mr. S. Reeves' br. f. Paté, by Macaroni out of Songstress.

The Start, Race and Finish.

London, June 2-P. M. The race for the Oaks Stakes at Epsom Downs to day was a very fine one and sharply contested. The weather was very fine and a great crowd of people nbled to witness the sport. The favorites for the first place were beaten and much money consequently changed hands. started. The race was won by Gamos

by barely three lengths. The following is the summary:-

Mr. G. Jones' ch. f. Gamos, by Saunterer, out of Bess Lyon..... 1

and 4 to 1 against Sunshine. IRELAND.

Pleased and Hopeful. DUBLIN, June 3, 1870.

The final passage of the Land bill is regarded favorably by the Irish press generally. Some of the newspapers are jubilant over the success of the

Anti-Church Tax Agitation.

Madrid, June 3, 1870. A riot occurred in a little village near here yesterday on account of the attempted collection of the tax for the maintenance of the clergy. No blood was shed and the disorder was quickly suppressed.

Fatal Collision With the Troops. MADRID, June 3, 1370.

A riot broke out in Valladoled yesterday in conse quence of a notification given by the city govern

ment of the collection of certain unpopular taxes. The troops were called out and the disturbance was quickly suppressed, but not without some fight ing. Two citizens were killed and eight wounded and many arrests have been made.

> Monarchism and Abolitionism. MADRID, June 3, 1870.

The preliminary discussion on the form of the election of a monarch commences to-day in the

The majority of the Cortes committee on the abolition of slavery are in favor of postponing the period of complete emancipation sixty years.

Iberian Union.

LONDON, June 3, 1870. The London Examiner recommends that the sev eral provinces of Spain and Portugal form a federal union, based on the principles of the constitution of the United States.

GERMANY.

Territorial Annexation and Consolidation. BERLIN, June 3, 1870. Arrangements have been completed for the annex ation of the ducy of Lauenburg to the Kingdom of

In 1864 the duchy was ceded by Denmark to the sovereigns of Austria and Prussia. A year later-by the treaty of Gastein-the King of Prussia became sole sovereign of the duchy under the title of the Duke of Lauenburg. The amalgamation of the territory with Prussia is now completed.

SWITZERLAND.

Death of an English Cel brity. ZURICH, June 3, 1870. Captain Charles Duncan Cameron, formerly British Consul at Massowah, Abyssinia, whose imprisonment by King Theodore occasioned the late Abyssiplan war, died in Geneva yesterday, where he had gone for the benefit of his health.

THE PRESBYTERIANS. ROME.

Infallibility and Recuperation. Rome, June 3, 1870. Immediately after the promulgation of the dogma of infallibility, on the 29th of June, the Ecumenical Council will take a recess until the 15th of October.

FRANCE.

State Trials' Proliminaries.
PARIS, June 3, 1870. Several prisoners who were arrested during the recent political excitement, charged with complicity in the plot against the nation and the life of the Emperor, were yesterday brought up for preliminary examination in the Chamber of Accusation of the

High Court. The Court also investigated the papers found on the persons of some of the prisoners. Many of these were adjudged to have no connection whatever with the conspiracy. While some of the prisoners were held for trial, several were unconditionally released

The Court.

PARIS, June 3, 1870.
The High Court of Justice, of which the Chamber of Accusation is now in session, will meet at Blois on the 30th of June for the trial of the persons charged with conspiracy.

A Vital Fact.

LONDON, June 3, 1370.

The physicians of Paris report that the practical value of vaccination as a preventive of smallpox has been professionally demonstrated by actual observation in that city during the past month.

YACHTING.

The New York Yachts in England-Race Across the Straits to France. LONDON, June 3, 1870.

The New York yachts and those of the Royal Thames Yackt Club will compete on the 13th for the Dover Town Cup. The course will be from Dover, England, to Boulogne, France, and back.

THE FENIANS.

Statement of a Railroad Conductor Regard ing the Riot at Williamstown-No Fenians Fired On-United States Troops Preserve Order.

OGDENSBURG, N. Y., June 3, 1870. Mr. Fuller, a conductor on the Rome, Watertown and Ogdensburg Railroad, has published the follow-

ing card: -TO THE PRESS OF THE COUNTRY:-Having seen a despatch to the press stating that the United States troops fired on the Fenians during the riot at Williamstown, N. Y., on the 1st of June, I beg leave to give, in justice to the troops and their commander, Lieutenaat George W. Deshier, First artillery, a correct statement of the atial. On the arrival of the train at Williamstown a few New York roughs left the train and got into a dispute at a hotel. The train starting before they got on board, some of their party cut loose the cars containing about two humdred and fity Fenians and forty roughs. The Fenians demurred at this and a riot commenced, the roughs drawing their revolvers and shooting in every direction. At this stage of the affair, having run back my train and considering the lives of my passengers in danger, I requested Licutenant Deshier to interfere and put a stop to it. He did so in a most gallant manner, having to lead his men some distance up a steep bank under a heavy fire before he could form. Then having formed, with six men he called upon the rioters to disperse, and charged in front of his party with fixed bayonsts. Without firing a shot the disturbance was quelled and the rioters were in the cars in less than five minutes after the charge was made, W. H. FULLER, Conductor R. W. and O. R. R. damstown, N. Y., on the 1st of June, I beg leave to

Fenian Lenders Released on Bail. CANANDAGUIA, June 3, 1870. The Fenians Gleason, Donneily, Lindsay, Cullen, Fitzpatrick, McNeil, Glass and Smith have all been released on balt.

THE INDIANS.

Letter from General Hancock-Numerous Agencies Visited-Blissouri River Indian Quiet.

CHICAGO, June 3, 1870. The following despatch was received this morning at military headquarters:-

SIOUX CITY, June 2, 1870.
To the Assistant Adjutant General, Headquarters To the Assistant Adjutant General, Headquarters Military Division of Missouri. I have just returned to this point. I went to the Cheyenne agency above Fort Sally and had a conversation with the Indians. Troops have been placed at the Old Tonca, Whetstone Creek, Cheyenne and Grand River agencies. I have visited all except the latter. General Stanley was there a few days since. Everything was quiet. I have ordered two companies to the lower Brule agency, eighteen miles below the Crow Creek agency, on application of the agent there, who informed me that he could not continue his business operations unless troops were placed there. Everything seems quiet, but the future is considered uncertain along the river. At Cheyenne, Major Randail's agency, the but the future is considered uncertain along the river. At Cheyenne, Major Randail's agency, the only place where I talked with the Indians, I observed they made no promises for the future and some of them there, as well as at other places, complained of the troops being placed on their reservations. They understand, however, why it was done, and seem to admit the justice of it. My impression is that we shall have no trouble with them on the Missouri river of any general nature if the government continues its policy of feeding them; otherwise, I have no doubt, there will be serious trouble. They will be more likely to make trouble elsewhere, however, as they can only trade on the Missouri. The policy of sending for representative men of refractory indians clearly would have a good effect and would generally break down their influence with the Indians, I request authority to advertise a reward of \$500 or \$1,000, say in horses, for the murderers of the lamily on the Nebraska river. I believe we may thus capture them, and at least produce the effect of deterring others from committing like crimes for fear of being arrested through like rewards. I leave by the first train for St. Paul. W. S. HANCOCK,

RED RIVER.

Riel Dissatisfied-Progress of the Military Expedition-A Battle Expected-Reports

Expedition—
True and Untrue.
TORONTO, Ont., June 3, 1870. The Globe's Northwest correspondent telegraphs from St. Cloud that Riel is dissausfied the Mantolba bill because it does not provide for general amnesty, and intends resisting.

The Red River expedition has 200 men at Fort Garry and 800 on the prairie. A battle is expected near the Lake of the Woods. A large band of half-breeds have been sent out as scouts for the purpose of watching the expedition.

The Feniaus and half-breeds are said to be on bad terms.

terms.

The above report is from a friend of Ries.

Another despatch to the same paper says that
Rie is robbing the Winnipeg mails to provide himseif with funds previous to his departure to the
United States.

THE PACIFIC COAST.

Reception of the Boston Board of Trade Delegation in San Francisco-Severe Storm-Chinamen for Massachusetts-Bitter Polltical Campaign in Oregon.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 3, 1870. The San Francisco Chamber of Commerce last night received the delegation of the Boston Board of Trade. The attendance was large. President Swain of the San Francisco Chamber of Commerce, deliof the San Francisco Chamber of Commerce, delivered the address of welcome. President Rice, of the Boston Board of Trade, responded. Speeches were also made by Curtis Guild and Rev. Dr. Waterston, of Boston, and by Messrs. Stow, Rankin and Stone of San Francisco.

A severe storm has occurred on the northern coast, and it is reported that several coasting vessels have been wrecked and lives lost.

Seventy-five Chiammen left here yesterday for massachuzetts, to work in a boot and shoe manufactory.

The political campaign in Oregon has opened bit-tenly. Disaffected republicans oppose the re-election of United States Senator Williams, and the demo-crars are concentrating their strength upon Nesmith to elect him to succed Williams.

CALIFORNIA.

An Anniversary-Sailing of the Colorado Shipments of Treasure. San Francisco, June 3, 1870.

To-day the centennial anniversary of the setties ment of Monterey was celebrated with Interesting ceremonies. There was a large attendance of ctuzens of San Francisco, the Society of California and

many Eastern visitors.

The steamship Colorado salled for Panama to-day with 800 passengers and \$507,000 in treasure, \$592,000 of which is for England.

The total shipments of treasure since January 1 amount to \$16,830,000, including \$6,606,000 overland to New York.

Proceedings of the General Assembly Yesterday-Changes in the Board of Trustees-Degelency in the Mileage Fund-The Freedmen-Election of Directors of the Semi-PHILADELPHIA, June 3, 1870.

The Presbyterian General Assembly met at the usual hour this morning. The report of the Com-mittee on Proposed Changes in the board of trustees of the corporate General Assembly reported that the six trustees elected in November last should be removed, and that six from the former New School moved, and that six from the former New School branch should be put in their places. This was agreed to, and six gentlemen were elected. The committee thought this course the one least open to objection, though the gentlemen removed are of the highest character and greatest usefulness.

The Mileage Committee reported that there was a deficiency in that fund of \$235, which, however, is \$1,300 less than the deficiency of last year.

Resolutions were adopted fixing the assessment rate at six cents per capita, for the ensuing year, and stating that payment will be required in full in all cases,

Resolutions were adopted fixing the assessment rate at six cents per capida for the ensuing your, and stating that payment will be required in fail in all cases.

The Enabling act was considered and passed, with an amendment directing synods to designate by name the presbytery in which succession of any disorganized presbytery is to be continued.

The annual Narrative was presented, and after a few atterations were made was received.

Consideration of the report on Freedmen was resumed. A separate provisional Freedmen's Eoard of twelve members was constituted, which was located at Philipping.

The report of the joint Committee on Publication was considered. Resolutions providing for the consolidation of the Board of Publication and the Publication and the Publication and the Publication and the Publication of the Ment of Publication and the Publication of the Ment of Ment of Publication of the Ment of Ment of Publication and the Publication of the Ment of Ment

AMUSEMENTS.

The assertion that "no man is a prophet in his own country," although exhibiting a most excellent appreciation of the mundane system of rewards and punishments, is not altogether incapable of contra-diction. It is not, however, given to many to find such a fruition of their life service as a general pub lic recognition of the same in the very community n which that service has been given. But there are instances of such a gratifying attainment, and if evidence were wanted to prove the exception the enerous, spontaneous reception accorded Mrs. F. B. Conway last evening, upon the occasion of a compilmentary benefit tendered her at the Brooklyn Academy of Music, would be sufficient. For years Mrs. Conway has labored with heart and mind, the first always moved by true womanly feeling, and the latter, of no mean intelligence, in the cause of dramatic art in Brooklyn. Under, standing well the infuence of the stage and careful always to direct it in the cause of truth and virtue, preserving ever an unswerving devotion to its best traditions, she has, both by her public efforts and in private life, labored for the clevation of the drama to its proper blace in the Temple of the Muses, and both by precept and practice furnished a stirring example in this age of degeneracy, and by her success given encouragement to others in their hope of reform. The Brooklyn people know this, and never lose an opportunity of giving expression to their feelings of admiration for their lavorite manager. Hence to say that the Academy was crowded last night is simply to record a foregone conclusion. Mrs. Conway was assisted in her reception by her gifted sister, Mrs. D. P. Bowers, than B. Conway last evening, upon the occasion of a con crowded last night is simply to record a foregone conclusion. Mrs. Conway was assisted in her reception by her gifted sister, Mrs. D. P. Bowers, than whom no more finished actress in many specialties of a high meiodramatic character is embraced in the sisterhood of American artistes, and who, equally with the bënighcatre is emment for her efforts to elevate and dignity her profession. The occasion likewise served to introduce to a larger andience than she had previously appeared before Miss Minnie Conway, a chaiming, and talented débutante of the present season. The pieces chosen for representation, and which were presented with the completeness of finish and excellence of cast that belong to competent management, were the fifth act of the "Daughter of the Regiment," with the following distribution of the principal parts:—Julla, Mrs. D. P. Bowers; Helen, Mrs. F. B. Conway; Master Watter, Mr. F. B. Conway; Master Watter, Mr. F. B. Conway; and Sir Thomas Chiford, Mr. J. C. McCollum. The success of the entertainment was beyond doubt, with less a able rendition of the several characters; but a more critical—that is, less friendly, and ence would have been equally satisfied, the several performers fully sustaining the high reputation they earned before severer judges.

The audience testified their appreciation frequently during the evening in the usual manner.

WOOD'S MUSEUM-BENEFIT OF MR. A. L. PARKES.—The popular business manager of this establishment had a benefit yesterday afternoon and evening, which was well attended on both occasions. We have spoken before of "The Witches of New York," which was played at the benefit. All the characters acquitted themselves commendably and the attendance was a significant proof of the popularity of the manager and beneficiare.

NIRLO'S -- MISS THOMPSON'S BENEFIT -- This theatre was crowded last evening. The bill included Coyne's charming comedictta, "The Little Rebel," and the charming comedictia, "The Little Robel," and the best of all burlesques, "Ixion." The features were Mr. Wille Edouin and Mr. Harry Jackson. The former constituted the principal attraction as Capid in "Ixion," and created a furor such as has seldom been known in burlesque on the metropolitan boards; the latter as Mr. Poppin-court and Minerva, two entirely opposite characters, proved himself an excellent comedian. Mr. Connoily, the leader of the orchestra, deserves high praise for his admirable musical setting of all the burlesques of the past season. Without him the bloodes would never have attained such popularly biondes would never have attained such popularly in this city. On Monday he will be succeeded by Mr. G. Operth, one of the best conductors and moss finished artists that the metropolis can boast of. The music of "Not Guilty," the forthcoming gensation at Nibio's, will be its main characteristic.

Musical and Theatrical Notes. It is rumored on good authority that "Hamlet" will be produced at the Academy of Music this month, for the benefit of the Dramatic Fund, with

to-night, when "The Good-Natured Man" will be

Madame Parepa-Rosa and her unrivalled English opera troupe close their season with "Oberon" at the Brooklyn Academy of Music to-night.

Mr. Barney Williams has been offered a star engagement by Dion Boucleault at the Adelphi, London, to commence in September and last until Christmas. Having already made arrangements with American managers, Mr. Williams was compelled to decline Boucleault's offer.

A grand sacred, vecal and instrumental concert will be given on Sunday evening, at St. Augustine's church, Mortsania. A large number of artists, among them George Bristow, Schmitz and the St. Patrick's Cathedral Choral Union will assist. Rev. J. P. Woods, pastor of the church, has made every effort to insure the success of this concept.

Miss Lucie Groux, a pianist of eleven years of age, will give her first concert at Masonje Hall to-night. She is said to be a prodigy.

The programmes of the Beethoyen Centennial are on a colossal scale. The best Valent in America is angaged. Madame Parepa-Rosa and her unrivalled English

TROTTING AT THE FASHION COURSE.

Two trotting contests were announced to come off at the Fashion Course yesterday afternoon—the first a sweepstakes for \$750, mile heats, best three in five, ess, between John Murphy's bay mare Lady Murphy, Mr. Noble's bay gelding James O'Brien and Mr. McMahon's gray gelding Pleasure Boy, and the second race a match for \$300, mile heats, best three in five, in harness, between Mr. Noble's black gelding Black Dan and Mr. Loveli's bay gelding Young Commodore. The sweepstakes did not take place, Pleasure Boy and James O'Brien paying forfets to

The match race came off, and it took five heats to decide it, Black Dan winning the first, fourth and fifth heats. The race was very exciting throughout, and the fluctuations in the betting were remarkable. Black Dan was the favorite before the start at slight odds. After winning the first heat he was the favorite at over two to one. Then Young Commodore won the second heat, and he became the favorite at odds. He also won the third heat, and one hundred to ten and in one instance one hundred to the were inid on his winning. The fourth heat being won by Black Dan brought the betting back to even, where it rested until the race was over. The following are the details of the contest, which was over a very heavy track:—

The RACE.

First Heat.—The horses had a very even start. Going around the turn Young Commodors went to the troat and led a length and a half to the quarterpole in forty seconds and a half. Passing down the backstretch Commodore continued to lead till near the half-mide pole, when he broke up, and Black Dan took sides with him. They passed the pole head and head, in 1:215, but soon afterwards Commodore commence i hobbing in the mud and Dan went to the front, opening a gap of four lengths on the Finshing end, which he brought into the homestretch. Commodore broke up on the stretch wice, and Dan came home a very easy winner of the heat by six lengths, in 2:49.

Second theal.—There was no betting on the roce.

stretch. Commodore broke up on the stretch twice, and Dan came home a very easy winner of the heat by six lengths, in 2:49.

Second Head.—There was no betting on this race between heats. Commodore took the lead and kept it to the end, passing the quarter pole in forty-four seconds, the half-mile pole in 1:23, and came in a winner by four lengths in 2:48.

Third Head.—Commodore took the lead, after an even start, and kept it to the end, passing the quarter pole in thirty-nine and a quarter seconds, one length and a half in front. He was four lengths shead at the half-mile pole, in 1:21, and came home a winner by two lengths, in 2:46.

Fourth Head.—Five to one was current on Young Commodore. He took the lead at the start, but the black took sides with him near the quarter pole, when he broke up and fell off four lengths. Time to the quarter, forty seconds and a half. Commodore was two lengths ahead as he came into the homestreich, but the black gradually gained. Commodore was two lengths ahead as he came into the homestreich, but the black kept creeping on him, and finally won the heat by a head, in 2:47.

Fifth Heat.—The horses sold for about even money now. Commodore had a slight advantage in the start, but going around the upper turn the black gending took suces with him, and they were head and head until near the quarter pole, when Commodore showed in front and passed that point half a length ahead, in front and passed that point half a length ahead, in front and passed that point half a length ahead, in front son afterwards broke up, but Murphy, his driver, caught him freely after a couple of jumps and kept the lead. Dan then trotted steadily on to the end, winning the heat and race in 2:49. The following is a

SUMMARY.

SUMMARY.

FASHION COURSE, June 3.—Match \$300, best three in five, in harness. M. Roden entered blk. g. Black Dan... 1 2 2 1 1 B. Daniels entered b. g. Young Commo-

Quarter. | Quarter. | Quarter. | 40 \(\) | Second heat | 44 \(\) | Third heat | 39 \(\) | Fifth heat | 41 \(\) |

LEROME PARK BACES.

The Spring Meeting at the American Derby-

Pool Seiling Last Night.

The world of fashion having stood godfather over the Jeromes Park races, and young America being determined that this shall be the Derby, it is not strange that every one is on the qui vive for the meeting to-day, and that the sporting element was in estacies of delight at all the prominent clubs, hotels and stables yesterday. Long before noon the roads leading to Fordham will be througed with carriages and conveyances of every description, and, the weather being fine, the display of beauty and fashion, will no doubt be something rarely, if ever before,

witnessed on any similar occasion on this Continent There was an unusually large gathering last evening at the rooms of the Jockey Club, 920 Broadway, and at Riley's, Broadway and Twenty-eighth street, at both of which places pools were sold. The bidding was quite spirited, and on a larger scale than at any of the late sales. The following are the principal pools sold at the rooms of the Jockey Club:—

PIRST RACE-HURDLE RACE. | FIRST RACE—B
| Lobelta | \$20
| Virgil | 25
| Olysterman | 15
| Harry Booth | 24
| Viley | 16 Total......\$95 \$611 BELMONT STAKES. \$740 \$605 Field 36 Field 34 Total.....\$325 Bacon and Holland....\$125 \$105
 Connolly
 108

 Rapture
 198

 Norton Colt
 194

 Milestan
 105

Total...........\$250 \$220 BELMONT STAKES. Kingfisher.....\$50 \$70 Total\$160

THE BUCKEYE JOCKEY CLUB.

CINCINNATI, June 3, 1870. There was a large attendance at the Buckeye Jockey Club course to-day to witness the races. The track was a little heavy. The first race was for a club purse of \$800: \$650 to first horse, \$100 to sec.

\$200, mile heats for beaten horses; \$150 to first, \$40 to second, \$10 to third horse. The following is summary:t. B. Cheatham's b. c. Baffle, 4 years old, by R. B. Cheathan, dam by Lexington. 1 1
S. T. Drane's ch. c. Joe Aiken, 4 years old, by
John Aiken, dam Likeness, by Boston. 2 2
Alchison & Paul's b. g. Morgan Scout, 4 years
old, by John Morgan, dam Lizzle Morgan. 4 3
Dill Wiggins' br. f. Fancy, 4 year-fold, by Young
Wagner, dam by Rurie. 3 4
Time, 1:45 1/4—1:46 1/4.

COUSTSHIP AND MARRIAGE

Lecture by Mr. William Anderson. A course of lectures is now being delivered in the

Methodist Episcopal church at Mariners' Harbor, Staten Island, the proceeds being devoted to liquidating the debt on the church. The lecturer of last dating the debt on the church. The lecturer of last evening was Mr. William Anderson, of New York, who discoursed upon Courtship and Marriage for an hour and a haif in such a manner as to blend instruction with entertainment. Physiological science, the experiences of life, the sayings of sages, the teachings of Holy Writ and the genius of poerly were made to pay tribute to the lecturer in the clucidation of his theme. He first treated of polygamy and divorce, and then pointed out the physical and mental qualities requisite for happiness in martied life. The concluding part of the lecture was devoted to answering the important query "flow to pop the question." A number of apt and very amusing ancedoics were interspersed throughout the discourse, which kept up the interest and attention of the audience from the beginning to the close. WEST POINT.

A Phenomenon that Always Follows a Hop-Its Causes and Effects-A Board of Visitors that Wasn't Posted, and a Congressional Committee that Hasn't Come to Hand-The Academy to be "Investigat-

ed"-Can It be Injured Thereby !- The Continuation of the Examinations.

WEST POINT, June 3, 1870. Everything has worn the appearance of Sunday at the hotels hereabouts to-day, and if the sextons had only seen fit to help in the delusion by ringing the church bells in the neighborhood it is quite likely that even the cadets, who welcome the Sab bath with grateful hearts, on purely religious grounds, would have put on their side arms and awaited the bugie call to "meeting" long be ore nine o'clock this morning. It may not be generally known, but it is a fact, nevertheless, that Sunday only comes once a week at West Point, like almost other laces, but it is known that the day after a hop in this region always looks very much like Sunday, throwing out of view sermons and ritualistic services, and all that sort of thing. To be sure, the cadets drill all the same and get examined all the same the day after a hop, but then the guests at the notels are the life of the place when the cadets are not allowed full swing; and when they are not riding about and idling about and the piazzas are deserted the sight is not of the most cheering kind. Now, why a hop should have such an effect is more than I can imagine. The one which took place last night was a right

olly one, and everybody who took part in it looked resh and steady up to midnight; but it is more than possible that there is something in the air which affects people after a ball in these mountains more than at any other time, and particularly after a ball which is enlivened by a banquet where champagne flows in liquid abundance. Indeed, there can be no doubt about it; for when the colored waiters, all decked out in their ninety-nines, with their white vests and unpleasantly suggestive standing collars setting of their complexion to the most radi-cal advantage, strutted into the dining room this morning they found no one to bow to, not even one of the small boy guests, who are made to go to bed early and get up with the sun for the sake of a lively appetite. They are patient waiters for things to turn up are colored waiters, and they had ample opportunity, I must concede, to test their prominent virtue to its fullest extent this morning. It was in vain that the dining room doors were thrown tavitingly open, and that the head and front of the waiters walked to and fro and tugged at the same tablecloth to get the wrinkles out of it every time he passed it; no guest put in an appearance. It was provoking, and he knew it; but what could he do? The clerks occasionally left their desks and poked their heads Into the doors, but they quickly pulled them out again on seeing the state of the tables and the state of the waiters. What could be done? Hadn't every bell boy in the house nearly knocked every room door down in vain attempts to WAKE UP THE SLEEPERS
within, and hadn't a baker's dozen of New Yorkers,

who had left positive orders onfretiring to be shaken up at five o'clock, persisted in snoozing until the clock struck nine? Wasn't it enough to try the soul of any man lifted into good society by the fifteenth amendment? Of course it was. The head waiter said it was, the cook swore it was, and the night watchman, who hadn't gone to bed yet knew it was. Somebody had evidently been to blame the night before. It could not possibly have been that *ny-body lihad overdone his part of the champagne business at the banquet. Every cork that had been found in the "hanquet hall deserted," indignantly received such a thought, and when finally the guests did make their way to the dining room it was evident that they were as good men and true should be—steady as judges and with not the slightest sign of a big supper left upon their placid brows. The laddes, they too came down as jauntily as ever in all the giory of beautiful morning dreases, when they had decome satisfied that they had done their part of a half day's sleeping, and they had a smile for everybody. And when eleven o'clock struck, and the last guest had convinced himself by edible proofs that his breakfast had not been missed by any fault on his part, the head waiter said, and the other waiters said, and the cook and the night watchman said, that the hop the night before could have had nothing to do with amendment? Of course it was. The head watter hast had maiter said, and the other waiters said, and the cook and the night watchman said, that the hop the night before could have had nothing to do with the way things had gone on, and that there certainly must have been something in the morning air more narcotic than usual that could have made the guests so far forget themselves as to believe that there was only an hour's difference between breakfast and

THE LAST OFFICIAL VISITOR.

By some extraordinary circumstance or other not yet made public either in special or general order all the Board of Visitors have turned up with the exception of the admirable Admiral who thinks too yet made public either in special or general order all the Board of Visitors have turned up which the exception of the admirable Admiral who thinks too much of the iniddles to give West Point the benefit of his presence in an official form. Mr. thamar Sloan managed to get here last hight in time for the hop, but he put up at the wrong hight in time for the hop, but he put up at the wrong hight in time for the hop, but he put up at the wrong high in time for the hop, but he put up at the wrong hotel without knowing it. And if he appreciates free board, it was lucky that he discovered his anistate when he of 1. If he had remained at the fashlonable hotel where he first put up, and had not found out his mistake until the examination came to an end, he would, no doubt have been astounded at the presentation of a bill of damages for board and lodging; for, bet it known, the military hotel on the post is obliged to give the Board of Visitors accommodations at the government's expense. So the importance of an official visitor finding out all about West Point—what scrapes he can get into and what scrapes he can get out of by being properly posted—is a thing which can be counted in dodars and cents. This importance should be well understood by individuals who have a longing for Board of Visitor's honors in years that are to come, and then it may never happen again that a gentleman from any State, by the grace of the President a summer visitor at the Academy, will get into any quarters that Uncle Sam don't rule over.

That connexistonal committee are is a mystery to coming here. Who the two Senators who are to form part of the committee are is a mystery to coming here. Who the two Senators who are to form part of the committee are is a mystery to coming here. Who the two Senators who are to form part of the committee are is a mystery to coming here. Who the two Senators who are to form part of the committee are is a mystery to coming here. Who the two Senators who are to form part of the committee are is a mystery hereab

war, believes he found out a great deal that is bad in it which had for its origin and source certain peculiarities in the education given at West Point. Schenck is rather doubtful, and the friends of the Academy hope that he will side with Scoum in opposition to anything that Logan may propose to the undermining of the inducate of the institution on the army; but everything about the matter is just now mere conjecture, and nobody can tell with any degree of certainty what the committee will do. The mere fact that what it may or may not do has become a subject matter of discussion would imply that it is to come here with every member's mind made up at the start, which is rather out of piece, to say the least. There is one thing about this coammittee, however, which should be said, and that is that it will find plenty of work to do when it does come, if it comes to work. No matter how the stanchest rifends of West Point may extol its virtues to the skies, which I concede are many, no one who knows anything about it can assert that there is not a great deal in the institution that needs correcting. It may be a garden of sweet smelling flowers, where to all outward appearances everything blooms with a freshness and beauty that nothing can enhance; but if the Congressional gardeness, when they take their official rambies through its pleasant walks and shady groves, and stop to examine more closely the downs that boom around, will only scan well the ground in which the pretty things have grown, they will douolters find that there are weeds about the roots that choke their growth, and fully as many thorns as there are roses. The committee cannot injure the Academy by probing its secrets to the botthorns as there are roses. The committee cannot injure the Academy by probing its secres to the bot-tom, for it has done well its part in return for the way the people haves for long years thrown their strong arm about it and defended it against the senseless attacks of its fanalical haters, but because it is deserving of warm support for what it has done its faults should not be hidden for the sake of what it may yet do.

THE EXAMINATION
of the graduating class in eagingering was con-

of the graduating class in eagmeering was con-tinued to-day, and the third and fourth sections were overhanded. The following are the subjects upon which each was examined:—

1. Brodis—Reverse Dellement of Field Works—Lines and Bases of Operations.
2. Cobb—Sherman's Campaign before Atlanta—On Timber

Seasoning.

3. Dudley—Method of Sinking Mining Shafts—Grand Guards and Outposts.

4. Peirce—Pranmatic Piles, Double Air Lock—Defence of

Fortifications,
5. Tebbetts - Lattice Girder, Resolution of Strains - Revot-6. MeNutt.—Construction of Trench Cavalier.—Defiles.
7. Ward, F. K.—Battle of Friedland, 1807.—Slege Operat Apprunches.

Liarned - Seven Weeks' Campaign in Germany and Battle of Sadowa - Interfer Retronchments.

Pearson -- Construction of Full Sap -- Orders of Battle.

10. Coxe General Organization of United States Army Positions for Battle.

Positions for Battle.

POURTH SECTION.

I. McCauley—Construction of Parallels and Approaches—Wrought and Cast from.

2. Williams—Direct Defilement of Permanent Works—Operations during first period of the sings.

3. Godwin—Triangular Truss—Intensities and direction of strains—Permanent works.

4. Fountain—Battle of Chattanooga—Bases and lines of Operation.

operation.

5. Schoderd Bastlen Line, with Double Flanks Founda-

6. Michier-Wooden Roof, Truss Strains, &c.-Operations during second period of siege.

2. Wieting-Tactical and Strategical Confiderations in Post-ing Troops. Regylengts.

-Wurmaer's Campaign in Italy - Francing. Materials.

10. Hodgson - Dufour's Hypothetical Battle - Military Recou-

The indications are that Cadet Green, son of General Green, of the Croton Aqueduct Department of your city, will head the class at the close of the ex-

HAYTI

Siffra Captured-The Revolution Ended-Weiner, the United States Consul, Again at His Post-Finances-Business.

The dispersion and capture of the band of outlaws, under the command of the notorious Sifra, has been finally completed by the capture of the scoundrel himself, after he had for many weeks cluded the vigliance of the government troops who searched the woods foot by foot. He is expected here to-day, and will be immediately brought to trial for his many climes, for any one of which he richly merits the most extreme penalty of the law. No pity is felt here for him, and it is not all likely that he will obtain any merey, for he never showed it, and throughout the revolution he proved himself a blood-thirsty wretch. The taking of this man ends the last of the movements in the south consequent upon the late revolution, so that there is every reason to expect perfect quiet for the present—for the first time in nearly three years.

United States Consul Weiner, who went at the request of Saget to offer terms to the rebels, and was held by their chief, Delgrace Jacquet, as a hostage for the safety of his own life, was, on the surrender of the Picquets, taken by Jacquet into the mountains; but after Jacquet himself was captured and shot Mr. Weiner was allowed by his captors to return, and he is now safe at his post at Jeremie.

The Legislature is in session at Port an Prince, and has a great deal of work before it. The paper money question, which is exciting the attention of all classes, will be taken up, and it is hoped that some plan for relief from the present difficulties may be arrived at.

Business is rather overdone at the present. The woods foot by foot. He is expected here to-day, and

some plan for relief from the present difficulties may be arrived at.

Business is rather overdone at the present. The impelus given it by the restoration of peace has carried it a little too far. Fourteen vessels have arrived at Port au Prince from Boston during the past month, bringing large freights, Besides this, we have a number of salling vessels and two steamers from New York, with full and assorted cargos.

Exchange, 280.

EXERCISES AT ST. FRANCIS XAVIER COLLEGE. The students of the Belles Lettres class held lite-

rary exercises yesterday in the College hall. Several able essays and poems of no mean merit were read by the publis, and music at intervals enlivened the proceedings. The relatives of the students were present and expressed much satisfaction at the preficiency of their young friends. Stafford's Iron and Sniphur Powders

A.—Espenscheld's Summer Hats.—First on the list light, superb, original and eminently becoming, stands the Espencheld Dress Hat of the season—a magnitudent ultra marine pend cassimere of exquisite proportions, faultess in style, perfect in all its details, and, as a specimen of workmanship and finish, worthy of a pince in any expectation of the useful and ornaments arts at home or abroad. Especial attention is directed to this fabric, because it presents an anomaly in the ornanch of manufactures to which it belongs, viz.:—A combination of two materials, both beautful in their separate conditions, but which, thus gracefully united, form the beau ideal of a classic and aristocratic dress that. ESPENSCHEID, Manufacturer of Genis' Hats.

A .- For a Stylish and Elegant Hat go to A.—Herring's Patent CHANPION SAFES. 251 Broadway, corner Murray street.

All the Summer Styles of Hats, for Gents, youths and boys; also ladies and children.
TERRY'S. 19 Union square. A.-Boots and Shoes of Every Variety at

A .- For a Stylish and Elegant Hat Call on A.—Quitting the Business.—French China Dioner Sets, 175 pieces, 239 50. W. J. F. DAILEY & CO., 631 Broadway. A.-Quitting the Business.-Complete Outfits W. J. F. DAILEY & CO., No. 631 Broadway.

A .- Quitting the Business .- Silverplated Ice Pitchers, Silverplated Baking Dishes, less hau manufac-turers' cost. W. J. F. DAILEY & CO., 631 Broadway. A Comfort.—"Secley's Hard Rubber Trusses," improved patterns, cure Rupture; light, safe, cleanly, cool and comfortable; correct adjustment; satisfac-tion guaranteed. Supporters, Braces, Bandages, &c. Establishment No. 3 Ann street.

A.—Avoid All Lend and Other Poisonous metallic preparations for the hair. Use only the EGYPTIAN HAIR COLORING. No sediment! No status! No poisons! Full directions how to detect poisons accompany the article. Depot 36 Vesey street.

A .- The Finest Rat yet Produced in Cassi-mere or beaver this season can be found at VAIL'S, 145 Fullon street. A .- Stylish Hats for Gents and Youths at

A.—Not to Be Detected.—The Hues Impurted to gray heads by PHALON'S VITALIA, or SALVATION FOR THE HAIR, are as vivid as those of nature, and the change is not effected by a disregard of cleanliness, as is the case with other hair coloring preparations, the Vitalia being eminently clean. No sediment.

Batchelor's Hair Dye-The Best in the orid. The only perfect dye; harmless, reliable, instantaworld. The only perfect dye; neous. Factory 16 Bond street.

Cristadoro's Unrivalled Hair Dye,-Sold ad applied at his wig and scalp factory, No. 6 Astor House. Dinbetes, Diabetes.
ONSTITUTION WATER is a certain cure for it. Depos

David's Summer Styles of Gentlemen's HATS, in Cassimers, drab beavers, straws and Panamas. Salesroom 289% Broadway, near Duane street.

Prices Down.
Gents' Cussimere Dress Hats at
Five Dollars.
WARNOCK & CO., 619 Broadway. Hyatt's IATe Balsam Perfectly Cured Mr. William Springer, No. 188 Broome street, of Infammatory Rheumatism, of so severe a character that he became decanged. He could not lift his hand to his head, and was confined to his bed during three months. ranged. He could not lift his hand to his head, and was confined to his bed during three months.

HYATTS LIFE HALSAM cured Mr. Joseph Flannagan, 15
Mott street, of Moreurial Scrotiula. He was so badly affected that he was sent to the Medical College to have his leg amputated. He met a friend there who recommended the Life Balsam, which cured this terrible ulcer and saved the limb. Rhetmatism.—Mr. Thomas West, of Keyport, New Jersey, was most paintuily tortured with Rhetmatism for eighteen years, when he was entirely cured by Hyatt's Life Balsam. These are a few, out of a hundred thousand cases, cured by the Life Balsam.

Principal Depot, 246 Grand street.
Solid by Druggitts.
One dollar per bottle, or six for five dollars.

Many, Many Years .- Mrs. Winslow's Sooth ING SYRUP, for children teething, has stood the test of many years, and never known to fail. It is perfectly reliable and harmless. It regulates the stomach and bowels, cures wind colic and griping in the bowels, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, and allays all pain. Pefectly safe in all cases,

as millions of mothers can testify. Minn & Co., 37 Park Row, New York, Publishers SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN, Patents obtained in the United States and all foreign countries.

Ren! Estate Notice.
Pamphlets containing full description of together with maps and circulars giving particulars of the Sale of First Subdivision of Village Property.

are ready for delivery. A splendid
Topographical Map of the entire Estates is now ready for examination.
For pamphlets and further information apply to ANDREW WILSON, Jr., SII Broadway, or either of the following firms, who will have charge of the sales of the saveral subdivisions.

A. J. Bleecker, Son & Go., Ti Cedar street;
E. H. Ludlow & Co., No. 3 Pine street;
Mailer, Wilkins & Co., No. 7 Pine street;
Mailer, Wilkins & Co., No. 7 Pine street;
Johnson & Miller, 25 Nassus street;
Mailory & Blackweit, Evening Fost Building,
Auctioneers of Village Property.

Royal Havana Lottery.-Prizes Paid in Gold.

and all kinds of Gold and Sliver.
TAYLOR & CO., Bankers, 16 Wall street, N. Y.

Shirte, Collines, Cuffs, and Drawers, unrivaled in style and manufacture, in UNION, ADAMS & CO.'S, No. 637 Browleys The Summer Hat.—Seek It and You are sure to find it at KNOX'S popular and utaversally known establishment. He Broatway, corner of Fulton arrest—a list that in beauty, comfort and appropriateness cannot be equalised. A testimental to this circle day, be found prefy extain on the head of the first well greated gentleman rounced.

Warnack & Co.'s Drab Cassimate Drass Hata, at the dollars, are go hunsion. Get them at his Broadway.